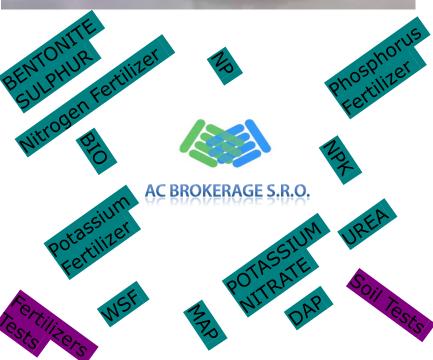
#### Why Fertilizers?

**Plants need nutrients** to grow which they absorb from the soil via the plant's root system. Fertilizers provide the major nutrients (nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium and important secondary elements) that plants need. Unless the nutrients are replenished, the soil's productive capacity declines with every harvest.

## AC BROKERAGE S.R.O.

Provide you various options to help you grow up & improve your plants by its fertilizers & inspections services









AC BROKERAGE S.R.O.
Is Specialized In Fertilizers Supplies & Services.





#### **Fertilizer Methods**

It depends on the Application forms:

**Liquid Form** 

Solid Form

#### Liquid Forms

- Starter Solution
- Application In Irrigation Water
- Direct Application To Soil / Injection
- Foliar Application



Fertigation is a method of Liquid application fertilizer in which fertilizer is incorporated within the irrigation water by the drip system

#### Fertilizers Divided To Organic & Inorganic Fertilizer

**AC BROKERAGE S.R.O** 

Is Concerned in Inorganic Fertilizer

( Nitrogen Fertilizer, Phosphorus & Potassium Fertilizer)



Liquid fertilizers comprise anhydrous ammonia, aqueous solutions of ammonia, aqueous solutions of ammonium nitrate or urea. These concentrated products may be diluted with water to form a concentrated liquid fertilizer

Advantages of liquid fertilizer are its more rapid effect and easier coverage

#### Solid Forms

- Broadcasting
- Placement
- Localized Placement

About 90% of fertilizers are applied as solids. The most widely used solid inorganic fertilizers are urea, diammonium phosphate and potassium chloride.

#### Often solids are available as prills

METHODS OF FERTILIZER APPLICATION

## BROADCASTING This is the spreading fertilizer evenly on the field.



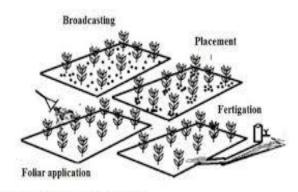


Fig. 5: Different nitrogen lertilizer application methods.



**Company Name** produces different types of high quality granular fertilizers including:

Diammonium Phosphate DAP

Monoammonium Phosphate MAP

NP Different Grades

NPK Different Grades



Potassium Oxide% 0.0

≤ 1.5

Moisture%

Products	Chemical Specification		Physical Spec	ification
<u>DAP</u> : Binary fertilizer consisting of two elements  Nitrogen and Phosphorus / Grade 18-46-00	Total Nitrogen% ≥ 18		Particle Size (2.0	-4.0mm)% ≥ 90
	Total Phosphorus Penta Oxide T P2O5%	≥ 46	Particle Size (bel	ow 1.0mm)% ≤1.0
	(Water Soluble)Phosphorus Penta Oxide%	> ≥ 40		
	Moisture% ≤ 1.5			
	Products	Chemic Specifi		Physical Specification
	<b>MAP</b> : Binary fertilizer consisting of two elements	Ammoni ≥ 11	acal Nitrogen%	Particle Size (2.0- 4.0mm)% ≥ 90
	Nitrogen and Phosphorus / Grade 11-52-00			
			osphorus Penta P2O5% ≥ 52	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
			Phosphorus xide% ≥ 47.5	
		(Water S	Soluble)	





### NP Grade <u>16-20-00+13S</u>

Chemical Specification	Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitrogen% ≥ 16	Particle Size (2.0-4.0mm)% ≥ 90
Total Phosphorus Penta Oxide T P2O5% ≥ 20	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble)Phosphorus Penta Oxide% ≥ 17	
Sulfur S% ≥ 13	
Moisture% ≤ 1	

#### NP Grade 16-20-00+13S+TE

Chemical Spec	ification		Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitroge	n%	≥ 16	Particle Size (2.0-4.0mm)% ≥ 90
Total Phosphorus	Penta Oxide T P2O5%	20 ≥ 20	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤1.0
(Water Soluble)Ph	nosphorus Penta Oxide ≥ 17	e%	
Sulfur S%	≥ 13		
Moisture% ≤ 1			
Zinc%	≥ 0.2		
Copper%	≥ 0.1		





#### NP Grade 19-38-00+6S

#### **Chemical Specification Physical Specification** Total Nitrogen% ≥ 19 Particle Size (2.0-4.0mm)% ≥ 90 Total Phosphorus Penta Oxide T P2O5% Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≥ 38 ≤ 1.0 (Water Soluble)Phosphorus Penta Oxide% ≥ 33 Sulfur S% ≥ 6.0 Moisture% ≤ 2

#### NP Grade 12-46-00+5S

Chemical Specification	n	Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitrogen%	≥ 12	Particle Size (2.0-4.0mm)% ≥ 90
Total Phosphorus Penta Ox ≥ 46	xide T P2O5%	
(Water Soluble)Phosphoru ≥ 42	s Penta Oxide%	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
Sulfur % ≥ 5		
Moisture% ≤ 1.5		





#### NP Grade 20-20-00+13S

<b>Chemical Spec</b>	ification	Physical Specification
Total Nitrogen%	≥ 20	Particle Size (2.0-4.0mm)% ≥ 90
Total Phosphorus	Penta Oxide T P2O5% ≥ 20	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble)Ph	osphorus Penta Oxide% ≥ 17	
Sulfur S%	≥ 13	
Moisture%	≤ 1	

#### NP Grade 13-40-00+7S

Chemical Spe	cification		Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitrog	jen%	≥ 13	Particle Size (2.0-4.0mm)% ≥ 90
Total Phosphorus	s Penta Oxide T P2 ≥ 40	205%	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble)	Phosphorus Penta ≥ 36	Oxide%	
Sulfur %	Sulfur % ≥ 7		
Moisture%	Moisture% ≤ 1.5		



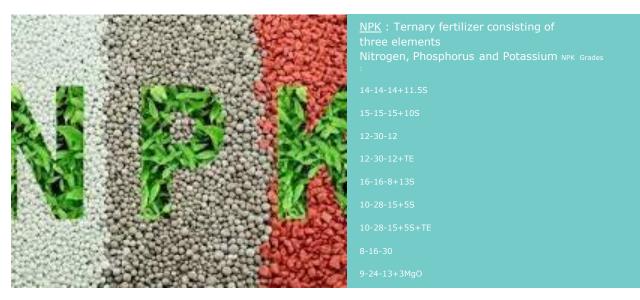


#### NP Grade 13-40-00+7S+TE

#### **Chemical Specification Physical Specification** Ammoniacal Nitrogen% ≥ 13 Particle Size (2.0-4.0mm)% ≥ 90 Total Phosphorus Penta Oxide T P2O5% Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≥ 40 ≤ 1.0 (Water Soluble)Phosphorus Penta Oxide% ≥ 36 Sulfur % ≥ 7 Moisture% ≤ 1.5 ≥ 0.5 Zinc%

#### NP Grade 10.4-48-00+4MN

Chemical Spec	ification		Physical Specification	
Ammoniacal Nitroger	1%	≥ 10.4	Particle Size (2.0-4.0mm)% ≥ 90	
Total Phosphorus I	Penta Oxide T P2O5% ≥ 48	0	Particle Size (below 1.0mm ≤ 1.0	)%
(Water Soluble)Phosphorus Penta Oxide% ≥ 43.5				
Sulfur % ≥ 1				
Moisture% ≤ 1.5				
Manganese% ≥ 4				



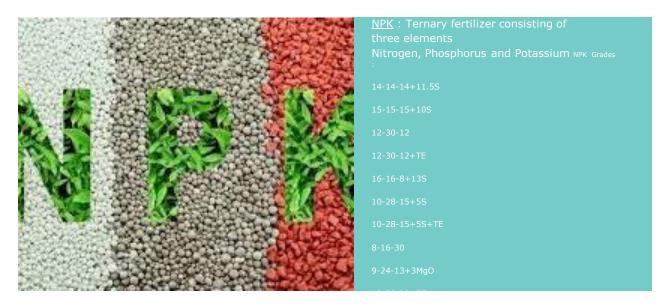


#### NPK Grade 14-14-14+11.5S

Chemical Specification		Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitrogen%	≥ 14	Particle Size (2.0-4.0mm)% ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide%	≥ 14	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta O	xide%	
(Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide%		
Sulfur % ≥ 11.5		
Moisture% ≤ 1.5		

#### NPK Grade 15-15-15+10S

Chemical Specification		Physical Specification
Total Nitrogen% ≥15		Particle Size (2.0-4.0mm)% ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide%	≥15	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta O> ≥13	kide%	
(Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide%	≥15	
Sulfur% ≥10		
Moisture% ≤ 1		



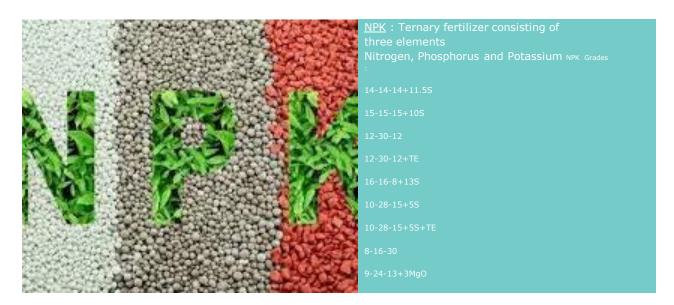


#### NPK Grade 12-30-12

#### **Chemical Specification Physical Specification** Ammoniacal Nitrogen% ≥ 12 Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90 (Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide% Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≥ 30 ≤ 1.0 (Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta Oxide% ≥ 25 (Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide% ≥ 12 Moisture% ≤ 1.5

#### NPK Grade 12-30-12+TE

Chemical Spec	ification		Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitroge	n%	≥ 12	Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphoru	s Penta Oxide%	≥ 30	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble) P	hosphorus Penta O> ≥ 25	kide%	
(Water Soluble) P	otassium Oxide%	≥ 12	
Moisture%	≤ 1.5		
Zinc%	≥ 0.2		
Copper%	≥ 0.1		





#### NPK Grade 16-16-8+13S

Chemical Specification		Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitrogen%	≥ 16	Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide%	≥ 16	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta Ox ≥ 13	kide%	
(Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide%	≥ 8	
Sulfur % ≥ 13		
Moisture% ≤ 1.5		

#### NPK Grade 10-28-15+5S

<b>Chemical Specification</b>		Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitrogen%	≥ 10	Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide%	≥ 28	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta O ≥ 24	xide%	
(Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide%	≥ 15	
Sulfur % ≥ 5		
Moisture% ≤ 1.5		





#### NPK Grade 10-28-15+5S+TE

Chemical Specification		Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitrogen%	≥ 10	Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide%	≥ 28	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% $\leq 1.0$
(Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta Ox ≥ 24	ride%	
(Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide%	≥ 15	
Sulfur % ≥ 5		
Moisture% ≤ 1.5		
Zinc% ≥ 0.2		
Copper% ≥ 0.1		

#### NPK Grade 8-16-30

Chemical Specification		Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitrogen%	≥8	Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide%	≥ 16	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta Ox ≥ 13.5	kide%	
(Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide%	≥ 30	
Moisture% ≤ 1.5		



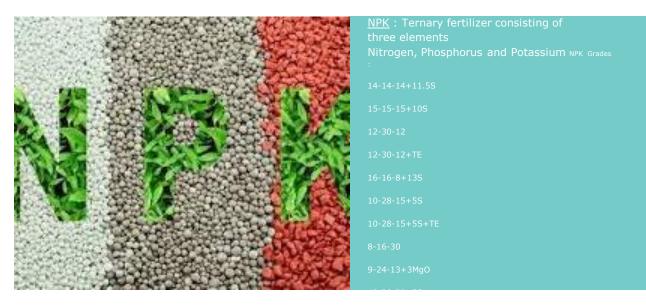


#### NPK Grade 9-24-13+3MgO

#### **Chemical Specification Physical Specification** Ammoniacal Nitrogen% ≥ 9 Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90 (Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide% Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≥ 23 ≤ 1.0 (Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta Oxide% ≥ 20 (Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide% ≥ 13 Magnesium Oxide % ≥ 3 Moisture% ≤ 1.5

#### NPK Grade10-20-20+7S

Chemical Specification		Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitrogen%	≥ 10	Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide%	≥ 20	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta Ox ≥ 17	kide%	
(Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide%	≥ 20	
Sulfur % ≥ 7		
Moisture% ≤ 1.5		





#### NPK Grade 10-20-20+7S+TE

Chemical Spec	ification		Physical Specification
Ammoniacal Nitroger	า%	≥ 10	Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphorus	s Penta Oxide%	≥ 20	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble) Ph	nosphorus Penta Ox ≥ 17	ide%	
(Water Soluble) Po	otassium Oxide%	≥ 20	
Sulfur %	≥ 7		
Moisture%	≤ 1.5		
Zinc%	≥ 0.2		
Copper%	≥ 0.1		

#### NPK Grade 10-26-26

Chemical Specification	Physical Specification
Total Nitrogen% ≥ 10	Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide% ≥ 26	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta Oxide% ≥ 22.1	
(Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide% ≥ 26	
Moisture% ≤ 1.5	





#### NPK Grade 12-12-17+2MgO

#### **Chemical Specification Physical Specification** Ammoniacal Nitrogen% ≥ 12 Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90 (Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide% Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≥ 12 ≤ 1.0 (Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta Oxide% ≥ 10.2 (Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide% ≥ 17 Magnesium Oxide % % ≥ 2 Moisture% ≤ 1.5

#### NPK Grade 8-19-28+4S

Chemical Specification		Physical Specification
Total Nitrogen% ≥ 8		Particle size (2.0-4.0mm) ≥ 90
(Total) Phosphorus Penta Oxide%	≥ 19	Particle Size (below 1.0mm)% ≤ 1.0
(Water Soluble) Phosphorus Penta Ox ≥ 16	kide%	
(Water Soluble) Potassium Oxide%	≥ 28	
Sulfur % ≥ 4		
Moisture% ≤ 1.5		



#### **UREA**

Urea is the most important nitrogenous fertilizer in the country because of its high N content (46%N). Besides its use in the crops, it is used as a cattle feed supplement to replace a part of protein requirements

Chemical Specification		Physical Specification
Moisture % by weight,	≤ 1.0	Particle size, Minimum 90% of the material be retained on 1 mm and 2.8 mm IS sieve.
Total N % by weight (on dry basis) ≥	≥ 46.0	
Biuret % by weight,	≥ 1.5	
Neem oil content soluble in Benzene,	,% by weight, $\leq 0.035$	

price on the market, special steps must be taken when applying urea to the soil to prevent the loss of nitrogen through a chemical reaction.

It has also numerous

production of plastics.

offers farmers the most

nitrogen for the lowest

Although urea often

industrial uses notably for



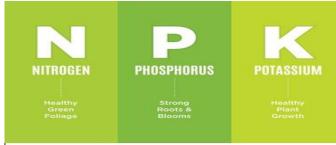




#### NPK

NPK complex fertilizers produced are DAP based grades. At present two grades Grade I - 10:26:26 and Grade II - 12:32:16 are produced.

# NPK complexes are bagged in quality tested HDPE bags to prevent ingress of moisture to avoid cause caking.



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Technical specifications	NPK-10:26:26	NPK-12:32:16	Zincated-NPK- 12:32:16	Ammonium Phosphate Sulphate (20-20- 0-13)
Moisture % by weight, maximum	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.0
Total N % by weight, minimum	≥ 10.0	≥ 12.0	≥ 12.0	-
Ammoniacal N % by weight, minimum	≥ 7.0	≥ 9.0	≥ 9.0	≥ 18.0
Available phosphorus (as P2O5 ) % by weight, minimum	≥ 26.0	≥ 32.0	≥ 32.0	≥ 20.0
Water soluble phosphates (as P2O5) % by weight, minimum	≥ 22.5	≥ 27.5	≥ 27.5	-
Water soluble potash (as K2O) % by weight, minimum	≥ 26.0	≥ 16.0	≥ 16.0	-
Water soluble phosphorus (as P2O5 ), percent by weight, minimum	-	-	-	≥ 17.0
Zinc (as Zn) per cent by weight, minimum	-	-	≥ 0.5	-
Total Nitrogen (ammoniacal + urea), percent by weight, minimum	-	-	-	≥20.0
Sulphate Sulphur (as S), percent by weight minimum	-	-	-	≥ 13.0
Particle size	≥ 90 percent of the material shall be retained between 1mm and 4 mm IS sieve.	≥ 90 percent of the material shall be retained between 1mm and 4 mm IS sieve.	≥ 90 percent of the material shall be retained between 1mm and 4 mm IS sieve.	≥ 90 percent of the material shall be retained between 1mm and 4 mm IS sieve.



#### NPK

NPK complex fertilizers produced are DAP based grades. At present two grades Grade I - 10:26:26 and Grade II - 12:32:16 are produced.

#### Typical composition of DAP/NPK complex grades (by weight)

Technical specifications &Ingredients	DAP	NPK-10:26:26	NPK-12:32:16
Moisture	0.9	0.8	0.85
Urea	3.09	1.5	1.63
Muriate of Potash	-	43.98	26.88
Filler (silica sand)	8.48	3.6	7.96
Diammonium phosphate	87.53	50.04	62.68

#### **Secondary/micro nutrients**

Particulars	DAP	NPK-10:26:26	NPK-12:32:16
Sulphur as S	0.48	0.88	0.66
Iron as Fe	0.31	0.4	0.25
Aluminum as Al	0.32	0.52	0.18
Calcium as Ca	0.12	0.11	0.09
Magnesium as Mg	0.26	0.34	0.31
Zinc as Zn (ppm)	103	98	88
Copper as Cu	55	32	27

#### **Atomic Weight**

Element	Atomic Weight
С	12
Н	1
0	16
N	14
Р	31
K	39
Ca	40
S	32
Cl	35

#### **Conversion Factors**

Elements	Conversion Factors
P to P2O5	2.29
P2O5 to P	0.44
K to K <sub>2</sub> O	1.2
K <sub>2</sub> O to K	0.83





#### NP

An Ammonium Phosphate
Sulphate Fertilizer. Besides
two macro-nutrients
(Nitrogen and
Phosphorus), it provides
Sulphur-the fourth most
important nutrient.



Technical specifications	NP Grade 20:20:0:13
Moisture % by weight, maximum	≤ 1.5
Total Nitrogen, percent by weight, minimum	≥ 20.0
Ammoniacal Nitrogen, percent by weight, minimum	≥ 18.0
Nitrogen in the form of urea, percent by weight, maximum	≤ 2.0
Neutral Ammonium Citrate soluble Phosphates(as P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> ), percent by weight, minimum	≥ 20.0
Water soluble phosphates (as P2O5), percent by weight, minimum	≥ 17.0
Sulphate Sulphur (as S), percent by weight minimum	≥ 13.0
Particle size	≥ 90 percent of material shall be retained between 1mm and 1mm IS sieve.





#### DAP

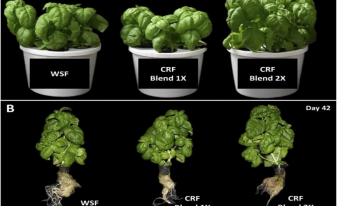
It is the most popular phosphatic fertilizer because of its high analysis and good physical properties.

The composition of DAP is N-18% and P2O5 -46%.



Technical specifications	DAP Grade 18-46-0
Moisture % by weight, maximum	≤ 2.5
Total Nitrogen, percent by weight, minimum	≥ 18
Ammoniacal Nitrogen, percent by weight, minimum	≥ 15.5
Available Phosphorus (as P2O5)% by weight, minimum	≥ 46.0
Water Soluble Phosphorus (as P2O5)% by weight, minimum	≥ 39.5
Particle size	≥ 90 percent of material shall be retained between 1mm and 1mm IS sieve.





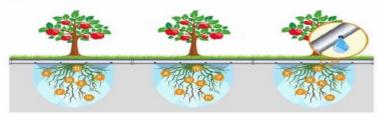
## WATER SOLUBLE FERTILIZERS ( WSF )

WSF are fertilizers that can be dissolved in water and added or leached out of the soil easily





WSF Advantage:

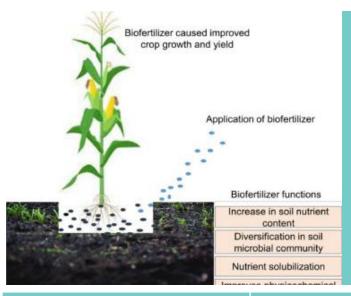


Based on integration technology of water and fertilizer, synchronous supply can be achieved,not only savin water and fertilizer, but also increasing fertilizer use efficiency up to more than 60%.

FCO Specifications of 3	100% water	soluble fertilizers
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Technical specifications	Urea Phosphate 17:44:0	Sulphate Of potash 0:0:50	Urea Phosphate with SOP 18:18:18	Calcium Nitrate	Potassium Nitrate (13:0:45)	Mono Potassium Phosphate (0:52:34)	Mono Ammonium Phosphate (12:61:0)
Moisture per cent by weight, maximum	≤ 0.5	≤ 1.5	≤ 0.5	-	≤ 0.5	≤ 0.5	≤ 0.5
Total Nitrogen ( all in urea form), percent by weight, minimum	≥ 17.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water soluble phosphorus (as P2O5),percent by weight minimum	≥ 44.0	-	-	-	-	≥ 52.0	≥ 61.0
Matter insoluble in water, pe cent by weight, maximum	≤ 0.5	-	-	≤ 1.5	≤ 0.5	-	≤ 0.5
Water soluble potassium (as K2O), percent by weight, minimum	-	≥ 50	≥ 18.0	-	-	≥ 34.0	-
Sulphate Sulphur (as S), percent by weight, minimum	-	≥ 17.5	≥ 6.1	-	-	-	-
Total chlorides (as Cl), percent by weight, (on dry basis), maximum	-	≤ 2.5	-	-	-	-	-
Sodium as NaCl, percent by weight, maximum	-	≤ 2.0	-	-	-	≤ 0.5	≤ 0.5
Total chlorides (as Cl), percent by weight, maximum	-	≤ 2.5	-	-	≤ 1.5	-	-
Urea nitrogen percent by weight, minimum	-	-	≥ 18.0	-	-	-	-
Nitrate Nitrogen (ammoniacal and Nitrate form) percent by weight, minimum	-	-	-	≥ 15.5	-	-	-
Nitrate Nitrogen as N, percent by weight, minimum	-	-	-	≥ 14.5	-	-	-
Water soluble calcium (as Ca) percent by weight minimum	-	-	-	≥ 18.5	-	-	-
Total Nitrogen ( all in Nitrate form) percent by weight, minimum	-	-	-	-	≥ 13.0	-	-
Water soluble potassium ( as K2s/sub>0) percent by weight, minimum	-	-	-	-	≥ 45.0	-	-
Sodium as (Na) percent by weight, maximum	-	-	-	-	≤ 1.0	-	-
Ammoniacal nitrogen percent by weight, minimum	-	-	-	-	-	-	≥ 12.0
Water Soluble phosphorus (as P2O6) percent by weight, minimum	-	-	≥ 18.0	-	-	-	-





#### **BIO Fertilizers**

Biofertilizers are the substance that contains microbes, which helps in promoting the growth of plants and trees by increasing the supply of essential nutrients to the plants. It comprises living organisms which include mycorrhizal fungi, bluegreen algae, and bacteria



BIO Fertilizer	Description	Beneficiary Crops
Phosphate Solubilizing Micro Organism	Several soil bacteria and fungi possess the ability to bring insoluble phosphates into soluble forms by secreting organic acids.	They can be applied to and recommended for all crops
Rhizobium	It is the most important nitrogen fixing organism. It live symbiotically in the root nodules of leguminous plants and supply nitrogen to the plant through nitrogen fixation. Besides, supplying nitrogen to the crop, nitrogen fixed by legume - Rhizobia association would also leave residual nitrogen for the succeeding crops.	Groundnut, Soybean, Red-gram, Green-gram, Black-gram, Lentil, Cow pea, Bengal-gram and Fodder legumes
Azotobacter	It is non symbiotic nitrogen fixing bacteria The Azotobacter performs well if the soil organic matter content is high.	Recommended for non leguminous crops like Paddy, Wheat, Millets, Cotton, Tomato, Cabbage, Mustard, Safflower and Sunflower.
Acetobacter	It is a symbiotic bacteria capable of fixing atmospheric nitrogen by living within the sugar plant. They are found in all parts of plant body.	Suitable for sugarcane cultivation.
Potassium Mobilizing Biofertilizer (KMB)	Potassium (K) availability in soil is also influenced by microbial activities in the rhizosphere which releases K from the non-exchangeable reserve. These microorganisms are commonly known as potassium solubilizing bacteria or potassium dissolving bacteria. The most important potassium solubilizing bacteria are silicate bacteria such as Bacillus mucilaginous, B. edaphicus, B. glucanolyticus and B. circulans.	
Zinc Solubilizing Biofertilizer (ZSB)	Some microbes have efficiency to solubilize zinc from the insoluble form by secretion of some organic acids, and these are known as zinc solubilizing bacteria are mainly belongs to genus of Bacillus.	
NPK Liquid Consortia	Consortium of Rhizobium, Azotobacter and Acetobacter, PSB and KMB is prepared for Nitrogen, Phosphorus and potassium to the crops.	



## SECONDARY AND

and sulfur (S) are essential because plants require them in macronutrients (nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium)

### **MICRONUTRIENTS**

# AC BROKERAGE S.R.O.

-Boron (B) -Chlorine (CI)

-Iron (Fe)

-Zinc(Zn)

-Molybdenum (Mo)

-Carbon (C) -Calcium (Ca) -Sulfur (S)

-Copper (Cu) -Oxygen (O2) -Hydrogen (H) -Magnesium (Mg) -Manganese (Mn)

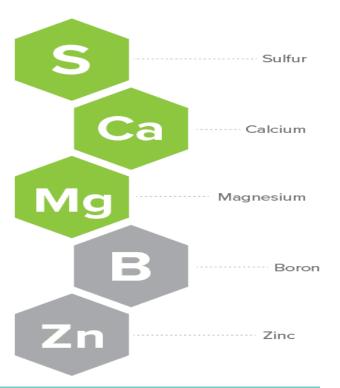
#### **Zinc Sulphate Mono- hydrate (ZnSO4. H2O)**

Technical specifications	(ZnSO4. H2O)
Matter- insoluble in water per cent by weight, maximum	≤ 1.0
Zinc (as Zn) per cent by weight, minimum	≥ 33.0
Lead (as Pb) per cent by weight, maximum	≤ 0.003
Iron (as Fe) per cent by weight, maximum	≤ 1.0
pH (5% solution) not less than	4.0
Sulphate Sulphur (as S) per cent by weight, minimum	≥ 15.0
Cadmium (as Cd) per cent by weight, maximum	≤ 0.0025
Arsenic (as As) per cent by weight, maximum	≤ 0.01

#### **Secondary Macronutrients** & Micronutrients

**13 Nutrients are Called Secondary** 

**Nutrients ( Micronutrients ):** 







## SECONDARY AND MICRONUTRIENTS BENTONITE SULPHUR



#### **BENTONITE SULPHUR**

Technical specifications	Sulphur 90 % (Granular)	Sulphur 90 % (Powder)	Magnesium Sulphate	Di-Sodium Tetra Borate Penta Hydrate
Moisture percent by weight, maximum	≤ 0.5	≤ 1.0	-	-
Total Sulphur (as S) percent by weight, minimum	≥ 90.0	≥ 90.0	≥ 12.0	-
Particle size - Minimum	$\geq$ 90 percent of the material shall be retained between 1mm and 4 mm IS sieve	-	-	-
Magnesium (as Mg) per cent by weight, minimum	-	-	≥ 9.5	-
Matter insoluble in water per cent by weight, maximum	-	-	≥ 1.0	≥ 1.0
PH (5% solution)	-	-	5.0-8.0	-
Lead (as Pb) per cent by weight, maximum	-	-	≤ 0.003	≤ 0.001
Cadmium (as Cd) per cent by weight, maximum	-	-	≤0.0025	≤ 0.0025
Arsenic (as As) per cent by weight, maximum	-	-	≤ 0.01	≤ 0.001
Boron (as B) per cent by weight, minimum	-	-	-	≥ 14.5

#### **Plant Growth Product**

It is a seaweed extract (28% w/w) based growth product, derived from the sap of red & brown algae, works as a metabolic bio enhancer, contains inherent nutrients, vitamins, plant growth hormones like auxin, cytokinin and gibberellins, betaines and mannitol etc. available in Liquid and Granular form for application in different crops as soil, root treatment, drip and foliar application method for the benefit of farmers





#### **Potassium Nitrate**

Potassium nitrate is a watersoluble NK fertilizer containing 13.7% nitrate nitrogen and 46% potassium oxide (38.4%)

#### **Grades Of Potassium Nitrate**

- -Standard (NOP) 13-0-46
- -Acidic 13-0-46 pH 3.0-4.0
- -NK 13-0-44+1%Mg

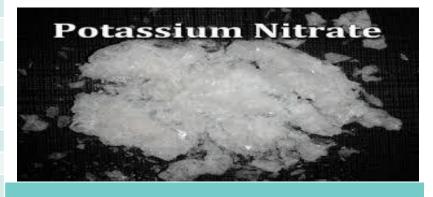
Potassium Nitrate (NOP) 13-0-46

Technical specifications	Unit	TYPICAL	GUARANTEED
Purity KNO <sub>3</sub>	w/w %	99	99
Total Nitrogen (N)	w/w %	13.7	min 13.0
Total Potassium (K)	w/w %	38.3	min 37.6
Total potassium oxide (K2O)	w/w %	46.2	min 45.3
Total Cl	w/w %	0.05	max 0.2
Total Na	w/w %	0.05	max 0.15
Total Ca	w/w %	0.05	max 0.2
Total P	w/w %	0.01	max 0.03
Total Cd	ppm	< 0.0002	max 0.0002
Total Pb	ppm	< 0.0005	max 0.0005
Total Perchlorate	ppm	<0.1	max 0.1
Total Hypochlorite	ppm	ND	-
Total Nitrite	ppm	ND	-
Total Heavy metals	ppm	< 10	< 10
Water insoluble	w/w %	0.01	max 0.05
PH of a dilute solution	-	6.0-8.0	max 9
Bulk density loose	t / m3	1.00 - 1.19	max 1.2
Anticaking agent	w/w %	0.1-0.15	max 0.15
Physical Property form	-	Form: White crystalline powder	

Uses	Crops
Direct application	Flowers ,cotton
NPK and NK granulation or ammoniation	Vegetables, potatoes,,,
NPK and NK bulk blending	strawberries
liquid and suspension fertilizers	potted plants
fertigation (sprinkler, mini sprinklers and drip irrigation)	olives
foliar sprays, foliar NPK fertilizers,	fruit trees bananas, mango, pineapples ,Grapes
starter and transplant solutions	citrus
winter hardener	lawns
winter breaking dormancy sprays	tobacco
flowering inducement sprays.	home gardens

Unit µm	CUMULATIVE w/w%
650	10
350	50
170	90
130	95
80	99







#### ACIDIC POTASSIUM NITRATE-13-0-46 - pH 3.0-4.0

**Total Nitrite** 

Total Heavy metals

PH of a dilute solution

Physical Property form

Bulk density loose

Anticaking agent

Water insoluble

#### **Technical specifications TYPICAL GUARANTEED** Purity KNO<sub>3</sub> w/w % 99 99 Total Nitrogen (N) w/w % 13.7 min 13.0 Total Potassium (K) min 37.6 w/w % 38.3 min 45.3 Total potassium oxide (K2O) w/w % 46.2 Total CI w/w % 0.05 max 0.2 Total Na w/w % 0.05 max 0.15 Total Ca w/w % 0.05 max 0.2 Total P w/w % 0.01 max 0.03 Total Cd < 0.0002 max 0.0002 ppm Total Pb ppm < 0.0005 max 0.0005 Total Perchlorate < 0.1 max 0.1 ppm Total Hypochlorite ND ppm

ND

< 10

0.01

3.0-4.0

1.00 - 1.19

Form: White crystalline powder

0.1 - 0.15

ppm

ppm

w/w %

t / m3

w/w %

#### **ACIDIC POTASSIUM NITRATE**

Acidic - 13-0-46 - pH 3.0-4.0

< 10

max 4

max 1.2

max 0.15

max 0.05

Uses	Crops
Direct application	Flowers ,cotton
NPK and NK granulation or ammoniation	Vegetables, potatoes,,,
NPK and NK bulk blending	strawberries
liquid and suspension fertilizers	potted plants
fertigation (sprinkler, mini sprinklers and drip irrigation)	olives
foliar sprays, foliar NPK fertilizers,	fruit trees bananas, mango, pineapples ,Grapes
starter and transplant solutions	citrus
winter hardener	lawns
winter breaking dormancy sprays	tobacco
flowering inducement sprays	home gardens





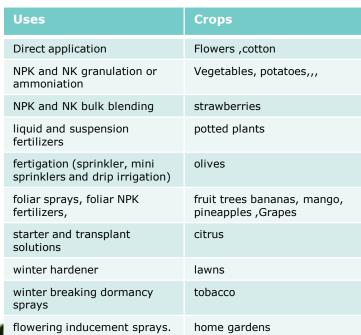
Unit µm	CUMULATIVE w/w%
650	10
350	50
170	90
130	95
80	99

#### Potassium Nitrate NK 13-0-44+1%Mg

Technical specifications	Unit	Typical	Guaranteed
Purity (KNO3+MgSO4)	w/w %	99	99
Total Nitrogen (N)	w/w %	13	min 12.74
Total Potassium (K)	w/w %	36.3	min 35.5
Total potassium oxide (K2O)	w/w %	43.7	min 42.81
Total Cl	w/w %	0.05	max 0.2
Total Na	w/w %	0.05	max 0.15
Total Ca	w/w %	0.05	max 0.2
Total P	w/w %	0.01	max 0.03
Total Cd	ppm	< 2	max 5
Total Pb	ppm	< 5	max 10
Total Mg	w/w %	1	max 1.4
Total MgSO4	w/w %	5	-
Total S	w/w %	1.3	-
Total As	ppm	<2	max 5
Total Cr	ppm	< 2	max 10
Total Hg	ppm	<0.1	<0.2
Total Perchlorate	ppm	<0.1	-
Total Hypochlorite	ppm	ND	-
Total Nitrite	ppm	ND	-
Total Heavy metals	ppm	< 10	< 10
Water insoluble	w/w %	0.01	max 0.05
Solubility of (N, K & Mg)	w/w %	99.70	-
PH of a dilute solution	-	6.0-8.0	max 9
Bulk density loose	t / m3	1.00 - 1.19	max 1.2
Anticaking agent	w/w %	0.1-0.15	max 0.15

Potassium Nitrate - NK 13-0-44+1%Mg









Unit µm	CUMULATIVE w/w%
650	10
350	50
170	90
130	95
80	99



#### NPK 13-2-44

Technical specificationsUnitTypicalGuarantedPurity NPKw/w %9999Total Nitrogen (N)w/w %13.6min 13	ed
Total Nitrogen (N) w/w % 13.6 min 13	
Total Potassium (K) w/w % 36.8 min 36.1	
Total potassium w/w % 44.3 min 43.5 oxide (K2O)	
Total Cl w/w % 0.05 max 0.2	
Total Na w/w % 0.05 max 0.15	
Total Ca w/w % 0.05 max 0.2	
Total P w/w % 0.9 max 1.1	
Total Cd ppm < 2 max 2	
Total Pb ppm < 5 max 5	
Total P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> w/w % 2 max 2.5	
Total Hg ppm <0.1 max 0.1	
Total Perchlorate ppm <0.1 -	
Total Hypochlorite ppm ND -	
Total Nitrite ppm ND -	
Total Heavy metals ppm < 10 < 10	
Water insoluble w/w % 0.01 max 0.05	
PH of a dilute - 4.0-6.0 max 7 solution	
Bulk density loose t / m3 1.00 - max 1.2 1.19	
Anticaking agent w/w % 0.1-0.15 max 0.15	

#### **Specialty Fertilizers**

**Grades Of Specialty Fertilizers** 

- NPK 13-2-44
- NPK 13-3-43
- NPK 13-8-40

Uses	Crops
Direct application	Flowers ,cotton
NPK and NK granulation or ammoniation	Vegetables, potatoes,,,
NPK and NK bulk blending	strawberries
liquid and suspension fertilizers	potted plants
fertigation (sprinkler, mini sprinklers and drip irrigation)	olives
foliar sprays, foliar NPK fertilizers,	fruit trees bananas, mango, pineapples ,Grapes
starter and transplant solutions	citrus
winter hardener	lawns
winter breaking dormancy sprays	tobacco
flowering inducement sprays.	home gardens





Foliar Fertilizer



Unit µm	CUMULATIVE w/w%
650	10
350	50
170	90
130	95
80	99





#### **NPK 13-3-43**

Technical specifications	Unit	Typical	Guaranteed
Purity NPK	w/w %	99	99
Total Nitrogen (N)	w/w %	13.6	min 12.83
Total Potassium (K)	w/w %	36.2	min 35.8
Total potassium oxide (K2O)	w/w %	43.6	min 43.1
Total Cl	w/w %	0.05	max 0.2
Total Na	w/w %	0.05	max 0.15
Total Ca	w/w %	0.05	max 0.2
Total P	w/w %	1.4	max 1.7
Total Cd	ppm	< 2	max 2
Total Pb	ppm	< 5	max 5
Total P2O5	w/w %	3.2	max 3.9
Total Hg	ppm	<0.1	max 0.1
Total Perchlorate	ppm	<0.1	-
Total Hypochlorite	ppm	ND	-
Total Nitrite	ppm	ND	-
Total Heavy metals	ppm	< 10	< 10
Water insoluble	w/w %	0.01	max 0.05
PH of a dilute solution	-	4.0-6.0	max 7
Bulk density loose	t / m3	1.00 - 1.19	max 1.2
Anticaking agent	w/w %	0.1-0.15	max 0.15



- NPK 13-3-43







Uses	Crops
Direct application	Flowers ,cotton
NPK and NK granulation or ammoniation	Vegetables, potatoes,,,
NPK and NK bulk blending	strawberries
liquid and suspension fertilizers	potted plants
fertigation (sprinkler, mini sprinklers and drip irrigation)	olives
foliar sprays, foliar NPK fertilizers,	fruit trees bananas, mango, pineapples ,Grapes
starter and transplant solutions	citrus
winter hardener	lawns
winter breaking dormancy sprays	tobacco
flowering inducement sprays.	home gardens

Unit µm	CUMULATIVE w/w%
650	10
350	50
170	90
130	95
80	99





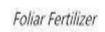
#### **NPK 13-8-40**

Technical specifications	Unit	Typical	Guaranteed
Purity NPK	w/w %	99	99
Total Nitrogen (N)	w/w %	13.44	min 13.44
Total Potassium (K)	w/w %	33.16	min 32.97
Total potassium oxide (K2O)	w/w %	40.0	min 39.73
Total Cl	w/w %	0.05	max 0.2
Total Na	w/w %	0.05	max 0.15
Total Ca	w/w %	0.05	max 0.2
Total P	w/w %	3.45	max 3.79
Total Cd	ppm	< 2	max 2
Total Pb	ppm	< 5	max 5
Total P2O5	w/w %	8	max 8.2
Total Hg	ppm	< 0.1	max 0.1
Total Perchlorate	ppm	< 0.1	-
Total Hypochlorite	ppm	ND	-
Total Nitrite	ppm	ND	-
Total Heavy metals	ppm	< 10	< 10
Water insoluble	w/w %	0.01	max 0.05
PH of a dilute solution	-	4.0-6.0	max 7
Bulk density loose	t / m3	1.00 - 1.19	max 1.2
Anticaking agent	w/w %	0.1-0.15	max 0.15



- NPK 13-8-40







Uses	Crops
Direct application	Flowers ,cotton
NPK and NK granulation or ammoniation	Vegetables, potatoes,,,
NPK and NK bulk blending	strawberries
liquid and suspension fertilizers	potted plants
fertigation (sprinkler, mini sprinklers and drip irrigation)	olives
foliar sprays, foliar NPK fertilizers,	fruit trees bananas, mango, pineapples ,Grapes
starter and transplant solutions	citrus
winter hardener	lawns
winter breaking dormancy sprays	tobacco
flowering inducement sprays.	home gardens

Unit µm	CUMULATIVE w/w%
650	10
350	50
170	90
130	95
80	99







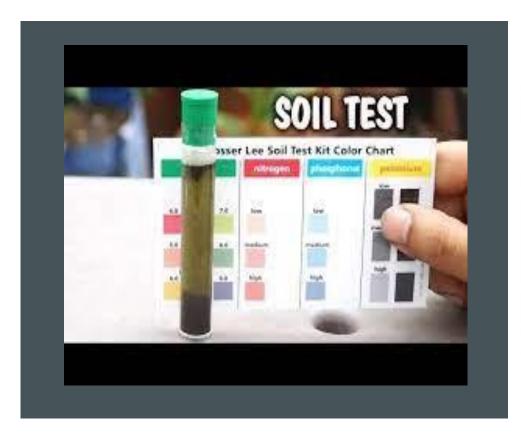


## Inspection services

## **Inspection Services**

**SOIL TESTS** 







#### **Soil Test**

Soil acidity (pH)

Electrical conductivity (EC)

Available Phosphorus

Available Potassium

Calcium Carbonate

Texture

Organic Matter

Nitrogen

Moisture

rare elements (Fe, Mn, Zn, Cu....

Heavy elements ((Cd, Pb, Ni, Cr,Co,...

Bulk density

Phenols

Boron

Positive and negative ions (Cations and Anions)

Calcium (Ca)

Magnesium (Mg)

Na

Κ

Chlore (CI)

CO<sub>3</sub>

HCO<sub>3</sub>

#### **Soil Tests**

A soil test can determine fertility, or the expected growth potential of the soil which indicates nutrient deficiencies, potential toxicities from excessive fertility and inhibitions from the presence of non-essential trace minerals. The test is used to mimic the function of roots to assimilate minerals.





It takes 3 to 7 work Days to get the results





## **Inspection Services**

**FERTILIZERS TESTS** 





Inspection services

There is two types of Fertilizers Tests: 1-Analyzes for organic fertilizers and peat moss 2-Analyzes for chemical fertilizers

### Analyzes for organic fertilizers and peat moss

Soil acidity (pH)

Electrical conductivity (EC)

Total Nitrogen (N %)

Phosphorus (P)

Potassium (K)

Calcium (Ca)

Magnesium (Mg)

Chlore (CI)

Manganese (Mn)

Sodium (Na)

Iron (Fe)

Copper (Cu)

Zinc (Zn)

Molybdenum (Mo)

Organic Metter (O.M%)

Ash

Moisture

**Bulk Density** 

Heavy elements ((Cd, Pb, Ni, Cr,Co,...

#### **Fertilizers test**

Fertilizers are a source of important and absent nutrients for the agricultural soil. So estimation of these nutrients forms the basic parameters of fertilizer testing

It takes 3 to 7 work Days to get the results





#### **Analyzes for chemical fertilizers**

Soil acidity (pH)

Electrical conductivity (EC)

Total Nitrogen (N %)

Phosphorus (P)

Calcium (Ca)

(Potassium (K)

Magnesium (Mg)

Chlore (CI)

Manganese (Mn)

Sodium (Na)

Iron (Fe)

Copper (Cu)

Zinc (Zn)

Molybdenum (Mo)

Humic Acid

Moisture

Sulfur

Heavy elements ((Cd, Pb, Ni, Cr,Co,...



Tips to Enjoy Growing Your COCOA Plant

## COCOA PLANTING





**Tips to Enjoy Growing Your COCOA Plant** 



#### PRODUCTION OF COCOA

Cocoa or Theobroma cacao can be grown either from seeds (seedling cocoa), cuttings (clonal cocoa) or from grafted/budded plants.

To produce a good cocoa crop, its preferable to Use Trinidad Selected Hybrids (TSH) & Suitable Fertilizer

#### **FERTILIZING**



Heavily shaded fields do not respond as well to fertilizer as fields with minimum shade. Fertilizer use is recommended for close spaced systems using high yielding TSH varieties with minimum overhead shade.

Use fertilizers as recommended based on the results of a soil test. Use Nitrogen, Phosphorus and Potassium (NPK) fertilizers if the soil is lacking in these nutrients. The amount and type of nutrients required vary with the age of the plant.

#### **Methods to Control Weeds**

Control weeds manually by brush cutting or by using herbicides

#### **DISEASE CONTROL**

Two common diseases of cocoa are Black Pod and Witches' Broom. These can be managed by using measures to reduce moisture in the field.

## GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

